OYSTER OUESTION IN THE HOUSE,

Lively Debate on the Resolution in Regard to Taxing the Bivalve Industry-Bill in Relation to Recording Confederate Muster Rolls Passed-Gossip.

One of the most interesting features of the Senate yesterday was the defeat of the bill designed to amend the existing law in order that liquor may be sold to students of the University of Virginia and similar institutions of tearning.

In other words, the measure sought to repeal that part of an act passed two years ago which made it a misdemeanor to sell intoxicating drinks to students of any institution of igarning in Virginia. Rev. H. C. Garrison made the prayer

Mr. Claytor secured a reconsideration of the vote by which the bill for the relief of C. B. Bramer and others was rejected and on his motion the bill was passed by til to-day out of courtesy to Sena-Wickham who was absent. fr. Wickham is opposed to the bill.

Mr. Wickham is opposed to the bill, INTRODUCED AND REFERRED. By Mr. James (No. 151): to provide for the expenses of the boards of directors of the State Hospitals. (The bill pro-vides that itemized accounts of expenses which that hemical accounts of expenses shall be given and paid, and there shall be no mileage nor per diem allowances.) By Mr. Ople (No. 152): to amend and re-chact section fifty-eight of the charter

of the town of Basic City.

By Mr. Blakey (No. 153): to declare a certain portion of ground in York river to be a natural oyster.

By Mr. Blakey (No. 154): to protect parfridges in the countles of Gloucester and Mathews.

By Mr. Claytor (No. 155): to authorize the city of Roanoke to redeem the bonds

the city of Roanoke to redeem the bonds of the town of Roanoke.

By Mr. Kane (No. 126) to allow E. W. Maxwell, late treasurer of Wise county further time to collect certain tax tickets, HOUSE BILLS PASSED.

To amend charter of the Board of Trustees of the Baptist Orphanage of Variation.

amend charter of Mary F. Ballen-

incorporate the Christian Women's lty Mission of Richmond. To incorporate the Norfolk Bicycle Road

amend section itwo, chapter 633. Acts 1893-94, in relation to tax on building

SENATE BILLS PASSED. To authorize the clerk of Clintwood School Board to take census. To authorize the trustees of Clintwood School District to issue bonds.

SALE OF LIQUOR TO STUDENTS.

ere was considerable debate over Mr. ris' bill, amending the act in rela-to the sale of liquor to minors and

certain students.

Mr. Morris wanted the words "and an other institutions of learning" stricked out of the act passed at the last session, and to have the law apply only to minors, pupils of the public schools, and the students of the Hampton variant school. The bill was reported unitavoraminors, pupils of the Phono schools, and the strengts of the Hampton Normal school. The bill was reported unfavorably by the Committee on tentera Laws.

Mr. Morris said no one seemed to know how the words he desired stricken out got into the bill passed at the last session. Senator Stubbs, who was the patron of the measure, had said he did not know the words "and all other institutions of learning" were in the act when it was passed.

It was passed

Mr. Morris said the act was a dead letter law, as far as it applied to the students of the University of Virginia, and should be amended so as not to apply to

Mesers Letcher, Barnes, Claytor, Berthall, and Sands opposed the measure. Protests against the bul were submit-ted from most of the codeges in the

ie bill was defeated, only Senator

Morris voting for it.

THE MUSTER ROLLS.

Dr. Southall's bill, having for its object the collection, preservation, and perpetuation of the names of the soldiers of Virginia who fought in her defence in the war between the States, was passed. It was drawn by General Brazley T. John-son. The act provides in brief that three veterans of the Confederate service may make petition to a county court, praying that the muster rolls of any company raised wholl; or in part in such county eitizen of the county may appear to not be recorded, or why the name of any person on the muster rolls should not be recorded. The bill gives the court aurecorded. The record may be amended

CREATING COLONELS.

A Humorous Discussion on the Subject in the House of Delegates.

Rev. J. A. Spencer, of the Cowardin-Avenue Christian church, Manchester, offered prayer in the House of Delegates

yesterday, after the session had been opened by Speaker Ryan.

The first matter taken up was the motion of Mr. Craig, of Reckbridge, to reconsider the vote by which the resolution offered by Mr. Diggs as to securing better revenues from the coverer industry. ies from the oyster industry,

but Mr. Diggs' resolution was rejected.
Mr. H. C. Allen, of Pittsylvania, then

offered the following:

"Resolved, That a special committee of tea, one from each Congressional district of Virginia, be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates to take into consideration and report to this House what legislation is necessary to more effectively collect the revenues for the Commonwealth from the oyster indus-

try, and the said committee is authorized to report by bill or otherwise."

Another lengthy discussion ensued, during which Messrs. Crass, of Rockbridge;
George C. Bland, of King and Queen;
Charles T. Bland, of Portsmouth, speakcharles T. Bland, of Portsmouth, speaking against the passage of the resolution,
and asking that the matter be left with
the Committee on the Chesapeake and
its Tributaries, who within a few days
would report a bill that no doubt would
give general satisfaction.
Dr. Charles Smith, of Northampton,
the chairman of that committee, expressdefinition views while Capatian R. S.

ed similar views, while Captain R. S. Parks, of Page, and Mr. A. L. Minter, of Bedford, advocated the passage of Mr.

Allen's resolution.

COMPLEXION OF THE COMMITTEE.
Judge Asa D. Watkins, of Prince Edward, called attention to the fact that ward, called attention to the fact that of the Committee on the Chesapeake and its Tributaries five members were from the First Congressional district, five from the Second, one from the Third, one from the Sixth, and one from the Tenth dis-

Mr. Isaac Diggs, of King William, in view of the fact that the members of the Committee on the Chesapeake and its Tributaries had stated that they would submit within a few days a satisfactory bill, said he would move to pass Mr. Allen's resolution by until Friday, January 14th.

After Mr. Charles M. Wallace, of this city, had opposed the resolution, and Mr. Saunders, of Franklie, had favored its adoption, the pending question was ordered, on motion of Mr. Wm. Henry Mann, of Petersburg, and the resolution was then adopted by a vote of 60 to 20.

On motion of Mr. J. C. Parker, of Southempton, permission was granted to the Committee on Privileges and elections to

order to dispose of the Coles-Newberne election contest.
On motion of Mr. A. R. Hobbs, of

Prince George, leave of absence for one day was granted to Mr. J. P. Smith, of Mecklenburg. RICHMOND TRACTION COMPANY.

A lively discussion ensued when Senate bill No. 51 came up on its passage, pro-viding for the eclarging of the powers of the Richmond Traction Company. Dr. Winston, of Hanover asked that the bill be passed by or recommitted in order that he might be given an opportunity to look into the bill in order to ascertain how its provisions would effect his county. Colonel Barley, of Alexandria offered the following amendment to the bill:
"But the said corporation shall have no

"But the said corporation shall have no right to condemn the property of any rallroad or work of internal improvement and said corporation may not with its arack or tracks at the same level cross the track or tracks of any railroad generally operated by steam except within the corporate limits of the cities of Richmond and Manchester, but shall elevate its track or tracks above or despress the same below the track or depress the same below the track or tracks of said railroads generally oper-ated by steam, where crossed enough to insure a safe clearance for the trains

and operatives of any such railroad, as well as of the said corporation, or of any corporation or person using the tracks any corporation or person using the tracks of the corporation hereby authorized.

Mr. Willard, of Fairfax moved that the bill be recommitted in order that it might be perfected. This motion was opposed by Messrs. J. L. Anderson and William F. Reddy, of this city, but the motion maily prevailed by a vote of 37 to 19.

Another lengthy discussion ensued when

the calendar was taken up where it had been left off the previous day. The debate was then, over the motion made by Mr. Saunders, of Franklin, to reconsider the vote by which House bill No. 63 had been passed, defining and prescribing the effect as evidence of deeds convering the second of the s effect as evidence of deeds conveying pro-perty heretofore or hereafter sold under deeds of trust or mortgages or under any

The motion to reconsider had been made merely to make the passage of the bill absolutely certain.

As soon as the matter came up yes-terday afternoon, Mr. Anderson made an earnest speech in favor of reconsideration, in order to defeat the bill, while Captain Parks, of Page and Mr. Saunders, of Franklin, urged that the bill be made a

The motion to reconsider the vote was CREATING COLONELS.

Another oratorical display was made, when House bill No. 25, providing for all increase of the Governor's staff, came up

on its passage.

Mr. Saunders, of Franklin, moved to reconsider the vote, by which the bill had
been ordered to its engrossment and third
reading, in order to offer an amendment.
Colonel Barley, of Alexandria, who
championed the measure, explained that championed the measure, explained that the object of the bill was to increase the number of staff officers from seven to eighteen. When asked whether the staff officers would be any expense to the State. Colonel Barley stated that during Governor O'Ferrall's administration only on one or two occasions had the staff officers been ordered out and their ex-penses were then paid from the contin-gent fund. This admission induced Mr. Saunders, of Franklin, to offer the fol-lowing amendment:

"Provided that no expense arising under and by reason of the passage of this act, and in connection with the appointments

Mr. Pilcher, of Fauquier, opposed the amendment and asked that the bill be passed. He stated that Governor Tyler had already received one hundred and twenty-five applications from gentlemen in various sections of the State who de

sired to serve him as colonels.

Mr. Minter, of Bedford, thought that thusmuch as nojtaries public paid \$5 each for their commissions, it might be advisable to make commissions of colonels of revenue.

a source of revenue.

Mr. T. D. Jennings of Lynchburg, spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

He said the State had now a new Gov-He said the State had not be ernor, a Democratic Governor, a farmer Governor and an economical Governor, and it would, therefore, be a direct affront to him to place such extra safeguards around the contingent fund.

NOT DANGEROUS.

NOT DANGEROUS.

Mr. Cooke, of Norfolk, favored the amendment, and a similar view was taken by Mr. Switzer, of Rockingham, who also asked that the number of staff officers be not limited by the bill.

Mr. Enke of Ultravelle, wanted to see

Mr. Duke, of Albemarle, wanted to see the number of colonels increased to thirty-six and thought such action would be a wise thing in view of the fact that twice during the past five years a war with forcing Powers had been the with foreign Powers had been threat-Mr. Pilcher, of Fauquier, called atten-

tion to the fact that the staff officers of the Governor were not line officers and therefore, could not take part in any war The foreigners know very well, Mr. Pil-cher said, that colonels elected by the

Legislature were not dangerous.

The motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill had been sent to its engrossment was then carried and Mr. Saunders' amendment adopted. The bill was then again ordered to its engrossment and third reading and the

House adourned at 3 o'clock. PLACED ON THE CALENDAR.
The following bills were introduced and under suspension of the rules placed on the calendar.

on the calendar.

House Bill. No. 109, by Mr. Hobbs, of Prince George. To authorize the several district school boards of the county of Prince George to expend any part of surplus district school funds for pay of searches. trouse Bill, No. 110, by Mr. Maupin,

Mouse Bill, No. 110, by Mr. Maupin, of Hearico — Amending and resenacting section 1, 2, 3, 4, and 12 of chapter 38, acts of assembly 1886-36, approved February 20, 1398, to legalize primary elections in Henrico county.

House Bill, No. 111, by Mr. Cooke, of Norfelk—To amend and resenact section five of an act, entitled an act to extend the boundaries of the city of Norfelk approved February 22, 1890.

House Bill, No. 112, by Mr. Booker, of Nansemond—To repeal an act entitled an

Nansemond—To repeat an act entitled an act to provide for working and keeping in repair the roads and bridges in Nanse-

gond county. House Bill, No. 115, by Speaker Ryan-Conneil, No. 1, Jr. O. U. A. M., of

ovettsville, Va. House Bill, No. 114, by Mr. Willard, of Pairfax.—To amend and re-cract sections 2, 6 and 7 of an act entitled an act to provide for the erection, rebuilding and repairing bridges in Fairfax county, ap-

repairing bridges in Fajriax county, approved January 16, 1896.

House Bill, No. 115, by Mr. Hicks—To authorize the City Council of the city of Ronnoke, Va., to redeem the bonds of the town of Roanoke, amounting to the sum of \$15,000, outstanding under the provisions of the charter of the town of Roanoke, surged Educary 2, 1882.

stens of the charter of the town of Roanoke. approved Pebruary 3, 1882.
House Bill, No. 116, by Mr. Anderson,
of this city—To grand and re-enact section 2872, of the Code of Virginia in relation to the withdrawal of capital or the
nayment of dividends in cases of limited
partnerships as amended and re-enacted
by an act approved December 22, 1897.
House Bill, No. 117, by Mr. Wellford, of
Richmond county—To provide for the
working and keeping in repair the public
roads and bridges in the county of Richmond.

mond.

Nouse Bill, No. 118, by Mr. Bauserman, of Shenardoah-To provide for the establishing, altering and building the public roads and bridges in the county of Shenandoah and for working and keeping the same in repair.

BILLS PASSED

BILLS PASSED. No. 78.—House bill limiting the time in which warrants drawn by the supervisors, school boards, and county shall be paid.

No. 78.—House bill to extend the time

Committee on Privileges and elections to the toll bridge over Tanner's Creek, per- Colone R. C. Marshall and Mr. Joseph

the Acts of Assembly, 1895 and 1896, ap-INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

The following bills were introduced and eferred to the proper committees, under

By Mr. Reddy, of this city, for the re-lef of the estate of John H. Knowles.

By Mr. Surgener: For the relief of Noah By Mr. Maupin, of Henrico: Amending Section 2570 of the Code in relation to

working coal and other mines, near land of another without his consent.

By Mr. Garnett, of Essex: To authorize the Auditor of Public Accounts to draw warrants in favor of W. L. Gar-

By Mr. Carter, of Scott: For the relief of James H. Hammond, a Confederate soldier of Scott county.

By Mr. Pandleton, of Louisa: For the relief of George Clenden, of Louisa county, for taxes erroneously paid.

By same: For the relief of John S. Swift, a denuty collector of taxes for

Swift, a deputy collector of taxes for the county of Louisa.

By Mr. Willard, of Fairfax: To amend and re-enact Section 7 of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Potomac

River Power Company, approved January 21, 1896.

By Mr. Goad, of Carroll: For the re-

By Mr. Goad, of Carroll: For the relief of Martha Shockley, the widow of a
Virginia soldier of the Confederate army.
By Mr. Wharton, of Montgomery: For
the relief of W. C. Horton from the payment of a fine and cest imposed by the
County Court of Floyd county.
By Mr. Barley, of Alexandria: To repeal Section 2467 of the Code in reference
to the admission of writings to record.

TO DISMISS INMATES. Dr. Winsten, of Hanover, introduced a compromise measure in his bill in regard to the Prison Association of Virginia, providing that the latter shall release from custody, upon request of guardian or parent, any minor who has not been convicted or sentenced to a term of imprisonment at the institution. It also provides that the State shall not bear the expenses of securities a winor to the institution. of conducting a minor to the institution, where such minor has not been convicted.

Mr. Willard, of Fairfax, introduced a bill to repeal section 24, page 67, of the Code of Virginia, in relation to time with-

which admission to record may be in Mr. Parks, of Page, ntroduced a bill to orrect certain typographical errors in he act providing for the license tax of

Mr. J. S. Craig, of Rockbridge, intro-duced a bill to provide for the method of veting by ballot. The measure is an exact copy of the Craig election bill, introduced

Mr. Kizer, of Norfolk, introduced a bill, requiring all heads of departments to have their printing done through the Superin-

their printing Jone through the Superintendent of Public Printing.

Mr. Galleher, of Prince William, introduced a bill to amend and re-enact section 000 of the Code, with reference to the collection of taxes. This amendment to the act provides "that should it come to the knowledge of the collector that any such person or persons owing such taxes or levies, is moving or contemplates moving from the county or corporation prior to the first day of December, he shall have power to collect the same, by distress or otherwise, at any time after such said bills shall at any time after such said bills shall have come into his hands.

CHIEF OYSTER INSPECTOR.

Mr. Charles T. Bland, of Portsmouth, atroduced the following bill: introduced the following bill:

To amend and re-enact section 2.157 of
the Code of Virginia in relation to the
powers and duties of the Board on the
Chesapeako and its Tributaries, and to
creat the office of chief oyster inspector
for the State of Virginia, define his powors for his commensation.

s, fix his compensation, etc. He it enacted by the General Assembly Virginia, That section 2,157 of the Code of Virginia, in relation to the "Board of the Chesapeake and Its Tributaries," b mended and re-enacted so as to read as

Section 2.151: "The Board on the Chesapeake and Its Tributaries"—The Governor. Auditor of Public Accounts and Treasurer shall constitute a board to be known as "Board on the Chesapeake and Its Tributaries," two of whom shall constitute a quorum. They shall be convened in the city of Richmond on the order of the Governor or call of two members of the board. In addition to the powers and duties now imposed upon said board, under existing law, it shall be their duty on or before the 1st day of March, 1988, to elect a chief cyster inspector of Virginia, who shall hold his office for a term of four years and receive for his services the sum of \$2.00 per annum, payable \$166.66 per month, and in addition thereto he shall be furnished with board on the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia and the steamers or the state of Virgin Section 2.157: "The Board on the Chesawhile engaged thereon in the dis-

harge of his duties. HIS POWERS.

The chief inspector shall have a generial oversight over the enforcement of the laws regulating the oyster industry of Virginia. It shall be his especial duty to see that the inspectors and deputy in to see that the inspectors and deputy in-spectors, appointed under existing laws, faithfully discharge their duties as such. He shall, at stated periods, not less than four times a year make settlement with each of the inspectors appointed under existing law and collect from said in-spectors the amounts which may be as-certained to be due the State of Virginia on settlement, and he shall, in like manner, make a gettlement at stated pe-riods, to be designated by the board, not less than four times a year, with the Auditor of Public Accounts, paying over to the State Auditor the monies so collected by him as chief inspector. Said inspector shall have authority, and it inspector shall have authority, and it shall be his duty, to use the steamers or vessels belonging to the State of Virginia engaged in patroling the oyster grounds of the State in carrying out the duties of his office and in promoting the interests of the State in connection with said industry, and the captains or those in charge of the steamers and vessels belonging to Virginia shall carry out and obey the instructions of said chief inspector in the performance of his duties as such. Said inspector shall from time to time collect all such information and statistics bearing upon the oyster industry in Virginia and other States, and embody the same, together with such sugtry in Virginia and other States, and em-body the same, together with such sug-gestions as he may deem pertinent, in his reports to "The Board on the Chesa-peaks and its Tributaries."

peake and Its Tributaries."

And before entering upon his duties as chief inspector he shall enter into a bond, with approved security, in a sum to be fixed by "The Board on the Chesapeake and Its Tributaries." conditioned for the faithful performance of his dulles for the prompt collection and payment to the State of all sums collected by him as

chief inspector.

All acts and parts of acts not consistent with the terms of this act are hereby re-

Coles-Newberne Contest.

The House Committee on Privileges and The House Committee on Privileges and Elections met yesterday morning in room. No. 5 on the upper floor of the Capitol building with Mr. J. C. Parker, of Southampton in the chair. The object of the meeting was to take up te election contest of Coles against Newberne for the seat in the House of Delegates from Norfolk county.

Mr. J. J. Burroughs, who represented the contestant went in detail over the en-tire grounds and explained why the con-testant thought he was entitled to the seal. Mr. Newberne was represented by Hon. Joseph T. Lawless and Col. R. C. Marshall, of Pertsmouth. Mr. Burroughs had just completed his

introductory statement when the hour for the session of the House had arrived and the further consideration of the matter had to be postponed until in the

During the afternoon session Mr. Thom, of Norfolk, argued the case for Mr. Newherne and he was followed by Mr. Burroughs, who again spoke in favor of Mr. Coles.

A Message to the People.

We have declared war. It is to be a battle for the right. A fight of honest merchandising against the army of the bolstered-up sales that are now so prevalent. We care not what it costs. We fear not the result. We have lined up a battery of values that will compel illegitimate competion to strike its false colors and spike its irresponsible guns.

This morning we march to the front with a regiment of

MEN'S SUITS NOVERCOATS

Worth \$10, \$12.50. and \$13.50,

\$10.00 The Suits

\$12.50

Values.

\$13.50

Choice

are Single and Double-Breasted Sacks and Three and Four-Button Cutaways-made up in Cassimere, Cheviots and Worsteds-fully a

hundred styles to select from. You can see these are square valuesthe fabrics are all wool-the fit is perfect-the making is as honestly done as any custom tailor can do it. Our guarantee goes with every suit. Take your choice for

\$7.50.

Your Choice. The Overcoats

have all the comforts; they're made of Cheviots, Kerseys and Meltons, lined with all-wool cassimere and Italian linings-silk across the shoulders-velvet collar. Coats that in marking \$10, \$12.50; and \$13.50 we show our superior retailing abilities. They're cut well-are warmly made, and combine the extreme of comfort with the grace of fashion. They couldn't be better made to order, and they'd cost \$20 at least. You have your choice for

\$7.50.

\$10.00

\$12.50

\$13.50

Values. Choice

\$7.50.

Never in the history of the Clothing trade in Richmond has the equal of this offering been made. But loyalty to right reckons not the expense. Your safety lies within our breastworks. Your advantage-your satisfaction-your safety-lies in this monster offering.

Boys' Clothing.

The watchers-out for the main chance will see their opportunity in to-day's specials for the Boys. We've made some sacrifices ourselves-and share with you the concessions we've gained from others. Value stalks with a small-price tagging behind.

We've taken all our novelties that have sold out to one, two, or three suits of a kind-Brownies, Etons, and Three-Piece Suits-and laid them out for to-morrow at

.....HALF PRICE.....

The sizes will run from 3 to 8--and the prices from \$2 to \$10. That means the spending of from \$1 to \$5-and the saving of just as much. Ours are exclusive novelties-unlike-unmatched-unapproached.

Choice of about 75 All-Wool Cheviot Short-Pants Suits, in novelty patterns, made up in double-prensted and reefer styles, latter braid trim-

med-and worth up to \$1.00- \$1.89 Choice of a lot of Boys' Fine Double-Breasted Short-Pants Suits, in effects-made in birst-class mannertrimmed as \$6, \$7, and \$5 values should be. When a maker sacrifices he cuts recklessly-they're 4 to 15 \$4.65

Young Men's Suits.

The young man who is figuring to get himself a new Suit can stop-we've fixed it for you.

198 Boys' All-Woot Funcy Cheviot 108 Boys All-Wool Falley
Long-Pants Suits, in Single-Breasted
Sack style, fashiodable patterns and
fashionable cut—and white we've
marked them 109 and \$12.00 if you if
compare them you'll find they ro
equal to any \$12.50 and \$15 suits others
show, your enoice of them. \$8.50

45 Young's Brown and Gray Pinin Cheviot Long-Pants Suits, fined with Italian cloth; edges double-striched; perfect ht and usual \$1.00 \$4.75 value-sizes it to 15-for......

Boys' Reefers.

These three lots are three bargains. You can have the benefit of them by coming early.

tars, braid trimmed—sizes 3 to \$5

Young Men's Overcoats.

Boys' Mottled Melton Overcoats, cut medium length and lined with strong rerge; edges double stitched; velvet collar. Strong in the two features you want in an Overcoat-warmth and wear. Sizes 6 to \$2.65

Lot of Oxford Frieze Overcoats, double-stitched edges, Italian clott to 19 years. They to 82.50 \$8.50

Men's \$5.00 Cordovan, Men's \$6 and \$7 Patent

Good News From the Shoe Sale.

There's still a good assortment of sizes and shapes in each of the lots. It's the biggest "specialing" of Fine Shoes that has ever taken place in Richmond. NOBODY ELSE CARRIES HANAN'S AND THE OTHER MAKES-so nobody else can give you the values at any price-let alone at

THESE REALLY STARTLING REDUCTIONS.

We wouch for the qualities. You have your choice of-

Calf, and Russia Calf Shoes-of course, new

\$3.45

Men's \$4 Luce and Black Calf Congress

\$2.79

Shoes, popular toes-

Men's \$2.50 and \$3.00 Black Calf Lace Shoes,

\$1.89

Men's \$1.50 and \$1.75 Black Calf Lace Shoes don't be afraid of 'em beeasy lasts, stylish tocs, cause we cut the pricesound and reliable leawe'il warrant them worth

A. SAKS & COMPANY.

"Saks' Corner," Main and 11th Streets.

Lawless submitted the case on behalf Mr. Newberne without argument.
The committee then postponed further asideration of the matter until next

Leather, Enamel Leather,

Calf, and Cordovan Shoes

\$3.98

Against Trading Stamps.

Against Trading Stamps.

The House Committee on Banks, Currency and Commerce met yesterday morning in the basement of the Capitol building. Mr. Murphy's Trading Stamp bill was taken up for consideration, but in view of the fact that barely a quorum of the committee was present, it was decided to put off the consideration of the measure until this evening at 8 o'clock.

On that occasion the committee will meet in the Hall of the House of Delegates and all persons interested in the measure will have ample opportunity of explaining why they are for or against the measure.

measure, he special committee, composed of The special committee, composed of Messrs, George Watt Taylor (chairman); Moses Thalheimer, C. B. Antrim, J. A. Grigg and Wm. P. Poythress, appointed at a mass-meeting of merchants opposed to the trading stamp companies held recently in the Chamber of Commerce, has issued a call asking that every merchant opposed to the trading stamps shall attend the meeting of the Legislative committee. CONSTITUTIONAL CHANGES.
The special joint committee appointed to report a plan whereby the State expenses may be reduced, will soon begin its work. This committee has no easy task to perform, Sentiment as to the best method of cutting down expenses is far from being crystalized. The subject has not been much discussed.

To Increase Revenue.

The House Committee on Finance will hold a special session on next Tuesday afternoon at 4:20 o'clock in foom No. 1, Among the members of the committee are some carnest advocates of constitu- Mr. S. L. Bloomberg, to tional reforms and it is believed the maton the upper floor of the Capitol build.

ing for the purpose of considering the two | ter of reporting bills looking to making material changes in the constitution will receive considerable attention. At least one member of the committee is earnest-ly in favor of reducing the number of school superintendents to one for each bills introduced by Massis. Maupin, of Henrico and Saunders, of Franklin, which provide for the proper taxation of telegraph, telephone and express com-

names.
A great many persons are interested in these bills and they will be given an opportunity on Tuesday afterneon to explain their views to the committee. The special committee which investi-gated the charges against Judge N. S. Turnbull, of Brunswick, has not com-pleted its report. It is understood that the rough draft of the report has been made and it will be put into shape to be presented in a few days. VISITORS AT THE CAPITOL. Pronounced Sentiment in Favor of Constitutional Reforms-Opposed to Jackson Senator W. H. Hale, the only Populist

There were many visitors at the Capitol yesterday interested in various bills before the Legislature. Some of those who were on the floor of the Senate chamber and the Hall of the House were Messrs, A. P. Thom and Oscar E. Edwards, of Norfolk; R. C. Marshall, of Portsmouth; ex-Senator Thomas N. Williams, of Mecklenburg; Major Samuel Griffin, of Bedford; General Bradley T. Johnson and Mr. W. A. Glasgow, of Roanoke. member of the Senate, who has been voting with the Democrats on all candidates says he will drawn the line on Judge Jackson. Mr. hale states that he cannot see any Democratic consistency in turning silver Populists down at Roanoke and then nominating a "gold bug" for CONSTITUTIONAL CHANGES.

THE TURNBULL CASE.

The Committee on Conference, appointed to consider the disagreement between the Common Council and Board of Aldermen, regarding the franchises of the Southern and the Home Electric Com-panier, has been called by its chalrman, Mr. S. L. Bloomberg, to meet Monday af-

IN CHARGE OF THE OFFICE. Adjutant-General William Nalle Entered

\$1.29

Adjutant-General William Nalle Entered Upon His Duties.

Adjutant-General William Nalle entered upon the duties of his new office yesterday morning. He arrived at the Governor's office shortly after 16 o'clock and received his commission. He then went at once to his office in the State Library building, where he was met by Lieutenant Croxton, who on behalf of General Anderson turned over the office to him.

Shortly afterwards Brigadier-General Alongo L. Phillips called and had a friendly chat with General Nalle. When seen by a Times reporter the Adjutant General stated that he had just taken charge of his office and was therefore not yet in a position to give out anything for

His Staff Officers.

ublication.

Governor Tyler, as has been published, has appointed Colonel C. O'B. Cowardin his chief of staff, and has made Mr. Marion L. Dawson, of this city, a member of

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It is understood that two other colonels will come from Etchmond. According to report. Col. John S. Harwood will be recommissioned, and Mr. Will. M. Coulling will be made a member of the staff. The Governor, probably, will not announce his staff until the Legislature assposes of the bill regulating the number of the staff officers.

Hon. Will thenry Mann, of Potersburg, is said to be one of those who is nearly wear a coloners uniform.